train control system is used to effect full automatic operation of the train:

- (1) The PSP must identify all safety hazards to be mitigated by the locomotive engineer.
- (2) The PSP must address and describe the training required with provisions for the maintenance of skills proficiency. As a minimum, the training program must:
- (i) As described in §236.923(a)(2), develop failure scenarios which incorporate the safety hazards identified in the PSP, including the return of train operations to a fully manual mode;
- (ii) Provide training, consistent with §236.923(a), for safe train operations under all failure scenarios and identified safety hazards that affect train operations:
- (iii) Provide training, consistent with §236.923(a), for safe train operations under manual control; and
- (iv) Consistent with §236.923(a), ensure maintenance of manual train operating skills by requiring manual starting and stopping of the train for an appropriate number of trips and by one or more of the following methods:
- (A) Manual operation of a train for a 4-hour work period;
- (B) Simulated manual operation of a train for a minimum of 4 hours in a Type I simulator as required; or
- (C) Other means as determined following consultation between the railroad and designated representatives of the affected employees and approved by the FRA. The PSP must designate the appropriate frequency when manual operation, starting, and stopping must be conducted, and the appropriate frequency of simulated manual operation.

§ 236.929 Training specific to roadway workers.

(a) How is training for roadway workers to be coordinated with part 214? Training required under this subpart for a roadway worker must be integrated into the program of instruction required under part 214, subpart C of this chapter ("Roadway Worker Protection"), consistent with task analysis requirements of §236.923. This training must provide instruction for roadway workers who provide protection for themselves or roadway work groups.

- (b) What subject areas must roadway worker training include? (1) Instruction for roadway workers must ensure an understanding of the role of processorbased signal and train control equipment in establishing protection for roadway workers and their equipment.
- (2) Instruction for roadway workers must ensure recognition of processor-based signal and train control equipment on the wayside and an understanding of how to avoid interference with its proper functioning.
- (3) Instructions concerning the recognition of system failures and the provision of alternative methods of ontrack safety in case the train control system fails, including periodic practical exercises or simulations and operational testing under part 217 of this chapter to ensure the continued capability of roadway workers to be free from the danger of being struck by a moving train or other on-track equipment.

Subpart I—Positive Train Control Systems

SOURCE: 75 FR 2699, Jan. 15, 2010, unless otherwise noted.

§236.1001 Purpose and scope.

- (a) This subpart prescribes minimum. performance-based safety standards for PTC systems required by 49 U.S.C. 20157, this subpart, or an FRA order, including requirements to ensure that the development, functionality, architecture, installation, implementation, inspection, testing, operation, maintenance, repair, and modification of those PTC systems will achieve and maintain an acceptable level of safety. This subpart also prescribes standards to ensure that personnel working with, and affected by, safety-critical PTC system related products receive appropriate training and testing.
- (b) Each railroad may prescribe additional or more stringent rules, and other special instructions, that are not inconsistent with this subpart.
- (c) This subpart does not exempt a railroad from compliance with any requirement of subparts A through H of this part or parts 233, 234, and 235 of this chapter, unless: